	CLASSIFICATION SEPTEMBLA CP7131 CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY INFORMATION REPORT	REPORT CD NO.	
COUNTRY	USDR (Meadown Chilmat)	DATE DISTR.	24 May 1951
SUBJECT	Soviet Air Force Experimental Station in Zhukovski	No. of pages	3
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50X1

-2-

for acrobatics The planes could be seen very well from the in camp, as they were not far from the camp on their landing a-proach flight.

50X1-HUM

## Type II

A monoplane, single rudder assembly, single turbine drive, retractable landing gear. Angular twin-trapezoidal wings, nose air intake, exhaust on under side of fuselage, rudder assembly spade-shaped, elevator assembly twin-trapezoidal, angular. This type was seen as early as July 1948

50X1-HUM

at that time this type flew

50X1-HUM 50X1-HUM

in large formations. Once, in the fall of 1948,

this type of turbojet fighter suspended to the underside of a four-engine bomber. The four-engine bomber landed on
ZHUKOVSKI airfield and took off with a fighter of the described 50X1-HUM type. In the air, the turbine fighter was released from the bomber and flew on independently. The bomber then made a very low and slow soaring approach flight for the airfield.

50X1-HUM

Forward in the bow there was a turret with all-round visibility mounted by a number of machine guns. On top of the turret with all-round visibility was a kind of control cabin (naval term would be conning tower). On the fuselage, in front of the rudder asembly which, a good deal toward the forward end, terminated in the fuselage there was an MG-turret, and, on the same spot, pointing downward and to both sides, were Mo-turrets. There was a turret on the stern also.

## Type III

.ionoplane, single rudder assembly, two turbine drives, retractable landing gear. Jings, shape of fuselage and empannage, see type I, the difference being that type III was larger than type I. Two turbines were suspended to the airfoils, projecting over the wings both forward and aft. This type was also seen for the first time about march 1949. These planes were only seen gliding and only one plane at a time was observed in the air.

Comment:	50X1-HUM
ne observations on the airplanes show training as der pilot. On the whole, they are considered correct.	

c. Taking as a basis the description of type II, which appeared in large formations as early as the summer of 1946 and thus belongs to the well-known types Yak 15/17 or :IC 9/11, it may be stated that the description of the rudder assembly as rear end part of the fuselage must be considered the result of the visual impression of the flying plane at a certain distance. The result

will be that the same conditions would amply to types I and III; in other words, that the empennage was simply mounted on the fuselage. However, it has been carefully sheet-covered; thus the rear end of the fuselage and the empennage seem to form one

niece.

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d. Type I represents a return to the fuse lage stage turbine, by which more space for the pilot, the weapons and other useful load or equipment in the fuse lage is gained. The wings mounted on a continuous middle piece must also be considered as constructional simplifications in case of damage or when being fired on. Type III seems to be from the same designer as type I.

e. The "subterrenean" installation of the aircraft hangars was only known through rumors. Such subterrenean hangars have not been mentioned in any of the previous reports on "ZHUKOVSKI and do not seem credible, as the transport of airplanes between the hangars and the airfield via the buildings of P at I and TSAGI and the woods, could not be observed from the camp.

2 Annex: Aircraft Observed in ZHUKOVSKI

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